

[Southern Campaign American Revolution Pension Statements and Rosters](#)

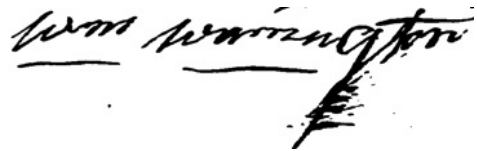
Virginia documents pertaining to James Warrington VAS4881  
Transcribed and annotated by C. Leon Harris.

[From [rejected claims in the Library of Virginia](#) in the file of Warrington, William.]

I William Warrington [W2382] of Cincinnati in the County of Hamilton and State of Ohio depose and say that James Warrington, of Accomack County State of Virginia now deceased, enlisted in one of the Accomack Galleys comm[an]ded by Capt William Underhill [of the *Accomack*, VAS2457] sometime early in the year 1776. There were two Galleys, built on the coast of Accomack County & employed in defending the inlets round the County. He served I think, nearly two years, in this Galley until she was laid up, he then enlisted under Commodore Whaley [sic: see endnote], and served under him, till Whaley was taken, which I think was about the time Cornwallis was taken at Yorktown [19 Oct 1781]. James Warrington was wounded in the Battle when Commodore Whaley was taken. He was my Brother & I went & brought home.

Catherine Corbin, now a resident of Cincinnati, & married to Savage Corbin, is the Daughter and only surviving heir of James Warrington. He had a Son, who went to sea, but has not been heard of for upwards of twenty years. James Warrington died in the State of Virginia upwards of twenty years ago & I am quite sure, he never had a Warrant for his Revolutionary services. I further depose and say that I enlisted in the ninth Virginia Regiment for two years, in the latter part of 1775 or beginning of the year 1776 in Accomack County State of Virginia. Thomas Lucas Captain, Thomas Parker [BLWt1741-300] & Nath'l Wafler [?; Nathaniel Wafler] Lieutenants of my Company and the Regiment was commanded by Col. Matthews [George Mathews VAS520]. There were four companies raised in Accomack County. We staid at Ananock Town on Ananock Creek, till December 1776 when we had orders to march and join the Continental Army at Head Quarters at Morristown State of New Jersey. We then had the small pox [inoculation] & when recovered my Company went to New Ark [Newark] same State. There I was shortly after chosen into Gen'l. Washington's Life Guard, commanded by Capt Levinston [sic: Henry Philip Livingston] & I went back to Morristown. From Morristown the Guard went to Middlebrook where we remained till the British embarked for the Chesapeake Bay. We then went to Quibbletown & from thence to the High-lands of Brandywine, where we were when the Battle of that name was fought [11 Sep 1777]. After that event the Guard went to Bethlehem, where we staid till I was discharged sometime in the February following. I rec'd my discharge from the paymaster General. When I rec'd my certificate I gave my discharge to Col Cropper [Lt Col John Cropper W3781], who said he deposited it in the Auditors Office in Richmond Virginia. I have never received any Warrant for land.

Sworn & subscribed this 2 day of March 1833  
before me Israel Ning JP

A handwritten signature in cursive script, appearing to read "Wm Warrington". The signature is written in dark ink on a light background.

NOTE: According to E. M. Sanchez-Saavedra, *A Guide to Virginia Military Organizations in the American Revolution*, "On NOVEMBER 29 [1782], Zedekiah Walley's Maryland squadron of armed barges picked up [Lt Col John] Cropper and twenty-five 'gentlemen volunteers' from Accomack and set out after a notorious marauder known as Captain Kidd [not the more famous pirate]. Cropper's detachment, aboard the barge *Protector*, encountered Kidd's fleet near Smith's Island in Chesapeake Bay, and a furious battle ensued. Walley was killed, Cropper wounded, and most of the Marylanders and Virginians were captured and later paroled."