

Southern Campaign American Revolution Pension Statements & Rosters

Pension application of James Moore R7332

f13VA

Transcribed by Will Graves

6/28/13 rev'd 10/14/14

[Methodology: Spelling, punctuation and/or grammar have been corrected in some instances for ease of reading and to facilitate searches of the database. Where the meaning is not compromised by adhering to the spelling, punctuation or grammar, no change has been made. Corrections or additional notes have been inserted within brackets or footnotes. Blanks appearing in the transcripts reflect blanks in the original. A bracketed question mark indicates that the word or words preceding it represent(s) a guess by me. Only materials pertinent to the military service of the veteran and to contemporary events have been transcribed. Affidavits that provide additional information on these events are included and genealogical information is abstracted, while standard, 'boilerplate' affidavits and attestations related solely to the application, and later nineteenth and twentieth century research requests for information have been omitted. I use speech recognition software to make all my transcriptions. Such software misinterprets my southern accent with unfortunate regularity and my poor proofreading fails to catch all misinterpretations. Also, dates or numbers which the software treats as numerals rather than words are not corrected: for example, the software transcribes "the eighth of June one thousand eighty six" as "the 8th of June 1786." Please call errors or omissions to my attention.]

State of Tennessee Roane County:

On this 19th day of January 1839 James Moore personally appeared before me Samuel H Ewing an acting Justice of the Peace for the County of Roane and State of Tennessee who being first duly sworn according to law doth on his oath make the following declaration in order to obtain the benefit of the provision made by the act of Congress passed June 7th 1832 to wit, applicant is a resident citizen of the County of Roane aforesaid and has been residing in said County about all between 25 and 30 years and is now in his Eighty-seventh year or about 87 years of age, applicant resided in the County of Westmoreland and State of Virginia when he entered the services of the United States in the revolutionary war that he entered the service is about 1776 but the precise year he cannot be certain about, applicant entered the services under Captain Joseph Lane in the County aforesaid and was marched to Sandy Point on the Potomac River where he was kept with the company two months at which time applicant was permitted to return home but to be always ready at a moment's warning to return to guard the aforesaid Sandy Point to keep the British from landing, applicant had been at home but a short time when he was called back again to Sandy Point where he was kept again one month and a half and then was permitted to return home again but to hold himself always ready for the services and was called upon in a short time again to repair to the same aforesaid Sandy Point where he was kept one month and a half and was permitted to return home where he staid but a short time before he was called upon again. Applicant served seven different towers [tours] of three months each in the manner as above mentioned and at the said Sandy Point under the same Captain. Applicant served in all twenty-one months as a drafted militia minute man and as private, from the time applicant entered the services until he received his written discharge was not employed in any civil pursuit, applicant served with an embodied Corps called into service by competent authority, applicant was under the control or orders of Colonel John Washington, applicant was at the aforesaid Sandy Point the same time that Governor Dunmore [John Murray, Lord Dunmore, last Royal Gov. of the colony of Virginia] had an engagement on the Maryland side. Said Dunmore was defeated and routed by the Americans. Applicant is now extremely old and infirm and unable to attend Court, and from old age and loss of memory cannot be certain as to the period that he served but according to the best of his recollection he served not less than the periods mentioned above to wit 21 months, Applicant has no documentary evidence of his services as he has lost his discharge, that he knows of no person that he can now procure to prove his services, applicant is extremely poor and feeble and almost without any education has made several attempts to have his claim for pension presented for action but could never get it made out until the present, which is the reason why he has not applied before this time – this is the first application that applicant has ever made for a pension, he hereby relinquishes every claim

whatever to a pension or annuity except the present and he declares that his name is not on the pension roll of the agency of any State.

S/ James Moore, X his mark

S/ Samuel H Ewing, JP

[Elisha Turner, a clergyman and Thomas Spence and Hiram Hide gave the standard supporting affidavit.]

[p 2: On November 19, 1851 in White County Tennessee, David Moore, 48, made application for a pension due his father James Moore under the 1832 act and his mother Agness Moore under the 1836 act stating that his father died February 11, 1849 leaving his mother Agness as a widow; that his mother died March 10, 1849 leaving seven children now living namely William, David (affiant), Edward, John, Winny, Elizabeth & Maryann.

David Moore]

[Note: On Oct. 14, 2014, Linda Moore Hallman pointed out that the above affidavit filed by David Moore has been misfiled. She says this affidavit rightfully belongs in the file of her ancestor, [James Moore R7334](#).]