

## Southern Campaign American Revolution Pension Statements & Rosters

Pension application of James Bullard W18678

fn63NC

Transcribed by Will Graves

10/15/10

[Methodology: Spelling, punctuation and/or grammar have been corrected in some instances for ease of reading and to facilitate searches of the database. Also, the handwriting of the original scribes often lends itself to varying interpretations. Users of this database are urged to view the original and to make their own decision as to how to decipher what the original scribe actually wrote. Blanks appearing in the transcripts reflect blanks in the original. Folks are free to make non-commercial use this transcript in any manner they may see fit, but please extend the courtesy of acknowledging the transcriber—besides, if it turns out the transcript contains mistakes, the resulting embarrassment will fall on the transcriber. I use speech recognition software to make all my transcriptions. Such software misinterprets my southern accent with unfortunate regularity and my poor proofreading fails to catch all misinterpretations. I welcome and encourage folks to call those and any other errors to my attention.]

State of North Carolina Robeson County: In pursuance of the annexed commission from the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions held for said County and State I James D Bridgers attended at the House of Mrs. Sarah Bullard of said County who made the following Declaration to entitle her to a pension in right of her deceased husband James Bullard for revolutionary Services under the Acts of Congress passed for that purpose. She the said Sarah Bullard being now from eighty to ninety years of age. That her husband entered the service of the United States of America about the year 1777 under Captain John Cade and served \_\_months. That he again entered the service of the United States under Captain Robeson or Ervin and served several months. That he again entered the service of the United States and served a number of months under different officers. That he again entered said service and served \_\_ months under. That he performed other services in the United States Army which this Declarant has now forgotten by reason of her advanced age and consequent loss of memory. That he served in the Army in the States of North & South Carolina and Georgia under the following officers namely General Green [sic, Nathanael Greene], Colonel Brown, Captain McKissick, Captain McRee and others not recollected. That he was in the Battles of the Slipery Bridge [sic, Slippery Bridge] & others the names of the places not recollected. This Declarant further states that she intermarried with the said James Bullard in the month of December 1774 that the said James Bullard departed this life in the month of April 1832.

The said Declarant further exhibits the annexed furlough signed by Colonel Thomas Brown and the annexed discharge signed by Captain Turpin McRee in support of her claim & swears that she found them among the papers of her deceased husband James Bullard.

Sworn to & subscribed before me this 29th day of February 1840

S/ JD Bridgers, JP

S/ Sarah Bullard, O her mark

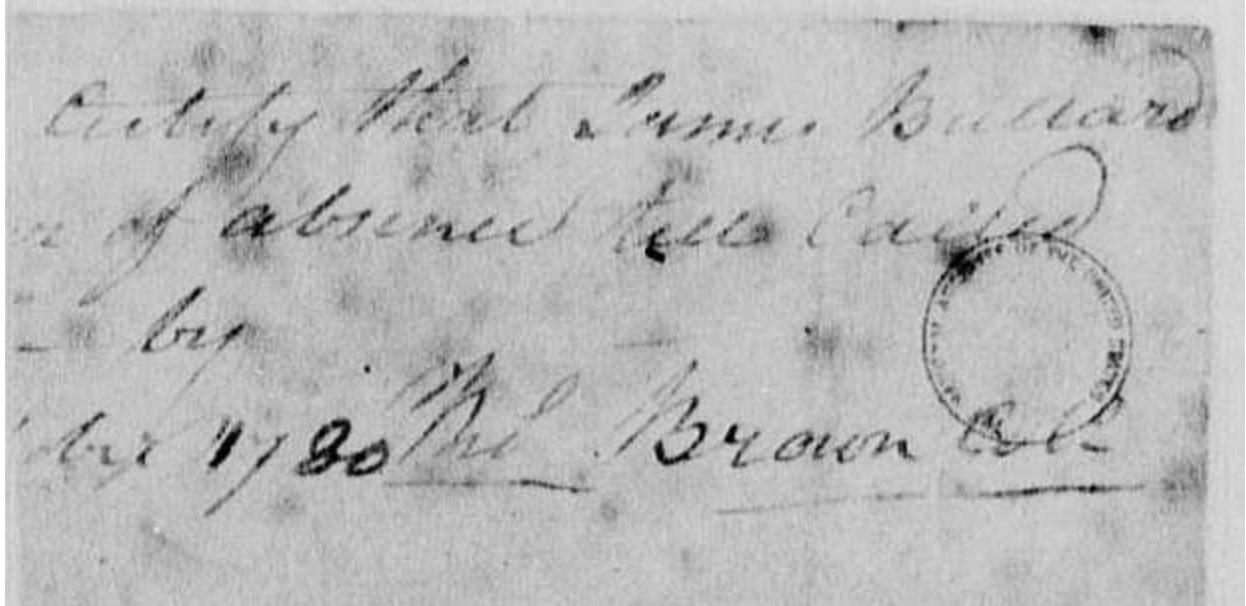
[fn p. 13]

Certify that James Bullard

of absence till Called

by

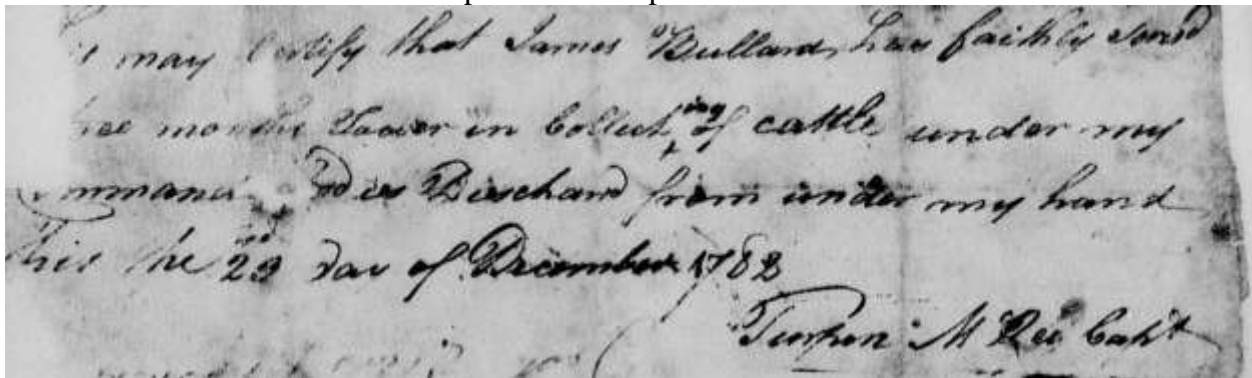
ber 1780 S/ Thos Brown Colo.



[fn p. 14]

\_\_\_ s may Certify that James Bullard has faithfully servd  
\_\_\_ree months Tower in Collecting of cattle under my  
\_\_\_mmand and is Dischard from under my hand  
This the 23<sup>rd</sup> day of December 1782

S/ Turpin McRee Capt



[fn p 18: on January 11, 1853, John McLean, 80, a resident of Robeson County gave testimony that he was well acquainted with James Bullard before and after his marriage; that he recalls that James and Sarah Bullard were married in Bladen County (now Robeson County); the fact of their marriage is impressed on his mind by the circumstance that a brother of James Bullard named John was married at the same time; that James and Sarah Bullard lived together as man and wife after their marriage and that the legality of their marriage has never been questioned.]

[fn p. 7: Power of attorney dated July nine, 1851 executed by Robert Bullard and Elias Bullard in Robeson County North Carolina whereby they in power their attorney to prosecute the claim of Sarah Bullard for a revolutionary pension. , On the same day they executed an affidavit in said County of Robeson stating that they are the children of Sarah Bullard widow of James Bullard a revolutionary soldier. In another document, the court found that Sarah Bullard died

June 27, 1843 leaving surviving her the following heirs: Sarah Pitman, wife of Jacob Pitman, Robert Bullard, James Bullard, Elias Bullard, Richard Bullard, Priscilla Jackson, wife of Henry Jackson; and that both Sarah Pitman and Priscilla Jackson have since died.]

[NOTE: there are two letters in this file, one dated Augt 10, 1833 and the other dated December 14, 1833 in which reference is made to an application made by John Bullard, but no such application is to be found in this file—I assume that these two letters were mistakenly filed in the wrong file as this veteran's name was James Bullard and as he died, according to his wife, in April 1832, before the passage of the June 7, 1832 pension act.]

[Veteran's widow was pensioned at the rate of \$63.33 per annum commencing March 4th, 1831, and ending June 27, 1843 under the 1832 act for the service of her husband as a private in the revolution; she was pensioned in her own right under the 1836 act.]