Declaration in order to obtain the benefits of the acts of Congress of the 4th of July 1838, 3rd March 1843, and 17th of June 1844 granting half pay and pensions to certain widows.

State of Virginia County of Nottoway: SS

On this 28th day of March in the year of our Lord 1846 personally appeared before me a justice of the peace for the said County, Mrs. Jane Jackson aged about seventy-five years, a resident of the County of Nottoway aforesaid who being first duly sworn according to law doth on her oath make the following Declaration in order to obtain the benefit of the acts of Congress aforesaid. That she is the widow of John Jackson alias John E Jackson who served several years as a soldier in the Revolutionary war, that she cannot say whether he was a private or a noncommissioned officer, nor the particular Company or Regiment to which he belonged, as she was not married to him until several years after he left the service and he has been dead some thirty-six years. She does not recollect all the particulars of his service, which she has often heard him relate, but she has heard him say that when he was only twelve years old, his two older Brothers were enlisted by a recruiting officer, and he said he would go if his Father would let him; that his father told [him] to go and do his Country all the good he could; that she thinks this recruiting officer's name was Bolling or a name similar to it. That she thinks this occurred in the year 1775 or the next year that he went from the County of Amelia, in the State of Virginia. That he served in all about five years, first he served in Virginia and then enlisted for 3 years, and went on to the North and she thinks his time expired [p 6] the first of January 1780 [could be 1781], That he was in the battles of Brandywine [September 11, 1777], Trenton [December 26, 1776], at the Storming of Stony Point [July 16, 1779], and she thinks he was also [in] the battles at Monmouth [June 28, 1778], Princeton [January 3, 1777], and likely others, as she has frequently heard him say that he was in a good many Battles in one of which he was wounded a ball being shot through his shoulder, the scar from which she has seen many times. From the many relations of her husband and from statements in the Life of Washington, by Marshall, she believes, he must have belonged to the Third Regiment – under Colonel Stevens [Edward Stevens] or the tenth Regiment under Colonel Marshall [Thomas Marshall] and from
the Services of which she has often heard him speak, she thinks he must have been a Sergeant or some higher officer, as she has heard him say that he was a clerk for the commissary, and wrote for Major Jamison in Trenton the hard winter during the war, and that he [indecipherable word]\(^2\) and [indecipherable word or words]\(^3\). That she has never applied for a pension on account of the difficulty of obtaining proof of her husband's service. That he once had a warrant for land (she thinks 500 acres) and went to the state of Kentucky for the purpose of [indecipherable word]\(^4\) it, but returned without doing so and left his warrant with a Mr. Watkins and she has since learned that her husband's name is on record in the war Department, from which it appears that no lien has been taken up. She further states that her husband was originally named John Jackson, but that after his return from the war he called himself John E Jackson in order to distinguish himself from others of the same name.

She further declares that she was married to the said John Jackson alias John E Jackson on the 30\(^{th}\) of March 1793 by Reverend John Jones of the Methodist Denomination, and that her husband died the aforesaid John Jackson died on the 8\(^{th}\) day of July 1810. That she was not married to him prior to his leaving the service, but that the marriage took place previous to the first of January 1794, viz. at the time above stated, and she is now the widow aforesaid \([p 7]\) the declarant further states that she sends with this declaration to the war Department all the proof of her marriage and of her husband's services which she can now produce, and she trusts, that some record proof of the services of her said husband may be found on the rolls of the War Department, and that she may be allowed a pension for the services which she always believed were performed by her said husband, which would be of great benefit in supporting her in her old and declining years.

S/ Jane Jackson

[pp 9-10: copy of a last will and testament of J Edward Jackson senior of Nottoway County Virginia in which he makes reference to his wife Abigail Jackson; son Daniel Jackson; Daughter [name written over and illegible]; Son Edward Jackson; daughter Lucy Jackson; son of William Parrish Jackson; daughter Mary Howard; son John Jackson; daughter Silvaner Frank; daughter Phebe Whitesides; Son Benedict Jackson; son Moses Jackson; son Ephraim Jackson; son Woody Jackson; son Ambrose Jackson; son Reuben Jackson. The will is dated October 19, 1789 & by Edward Jackson.]
[p 15: copy of a marriage bond dated March 27, 1793 issued in Lunenburg County Virginia to John Jackson and Thomas Bridgforth conditioned upon the marriage of John Jackson to Jane Bailey.]

[p 19]

This is to Certify, That it appears from a List in this Office of such Officers and Soldiers of the Virginia Continental Line, during the Revolutionary War, as settled their Accounts, and received Certificates for the balance of their Full Pay, according to an Act of Assembly, passed the November Session 1781, that a Certificate issued on the 8th day of April 1783, in the name of John Jackson, as a Soldier of Artillery for £42.10.0, which Certificate appears to have been delivered to General Morgan and was given for services prior to the 1st January 1782.

Given under my hand, at the Auditor's Office, Richmond, this 4th day of February 1846.

S/ Jas E. Heath, AUDITOR

Note – There are 5 of this name on the Registers

[ 20]

This is to Certify, That it appears from a List in this Office of such Officers and Soldiers of the Virginia Continental Line, during the Revolutionary War, as settled their Accounts, and received Certificates for the balance of their Full Pay, according to an Act of Assembly, passed the November Session 1781, that a Certificate issued on the 10th day of July 1783, in the name of John Jackson, as a Soldier of Infantry for £22.4.8, which Certificate appears to have been delivered to James Hawkins and was given for services prior to the 1st January 1782.

Given under my hand, at the Auditor's Office, Richmond, this 13th day of April 1846.

S/ Jas E. Heath, AUDITOR

[21]

This is to Certify, That it appears from a List in this Office of such Officers and Soldiers of the Virginia Continental Line, during the Revolutionary War, as settled their Accounts, and received Certificates for the balance of their Full Pay, according to an Act of Assembly, passed the November Session 1781, that a Certificate issued on the 28th day of June 1784, in the name of John Jackson, as a Soldier of Infantry for £70.14.6, which Certificate appears to have been delivered to __ and was given for services prior to the 1st January 1782.

Given under my hand, at the Auditor's Office, Richmond, this 13th day of April 1846.

S/ Jas E. Heath, AUDITOR

[p 22]

This is to Certify, That it appears from a List in this Office of such Officers and Soldiers of the Virginia Continental Line, during the Revolutionary War, as settled their Accounts, and received Certificates for the balance of their Full Pay, according to an Act of Assembly, passed the November Session 1781, that a Certificate issued on the 15th day of November 1787, in the name of John Jackson, as a Soldier of infantry for £1.19.4, which Certificate appears to have
been delivered to Colonel Cropper and was given for services prior to the 1st January 1782. Given under my hand, at the Auditor's Office, Richmond, this 13th day of April 1846.

S/ Jas E. Heath, AUDITOR

[p 36: On October 6, 1846 in Dinwiddie County Virginia Richard Y Blond Senior, aged between 75 and 80, gave testimony that he was well acquainted with Mrs. Jane Jackson widow of John Jackson; that he was also intimately familiar been acquainted with John Jackson her husband from his earliest life; that John Jackson entered the revolutionary war under Captain Robert Bolling, deponent's father in law; that he often heard said Bolling say that John Jackson had served a long time as a Sergeant in the Army during the revolution; that Jackson went to the town of Petersburg as a clerk; that John Jackson was raised in that portion of Amelia County which is now Nottoway County.]

[p 49:]
[certified by the Virginia executive Department of the following documents as being true copies of the originals in its records:
John Jackson a soldier in the Virginia line having served the United States from the 10th June 1782 to this date and being enlisted for the war is hereby discharged the American Army. Given at Point Fork the 12th of August 1783
S/ Samuel Hawes, Lieutenant Colonel
I do certify that the within named John Jackson has only received 4 months pay since the first day of January 1782.
S/ William Johnson, Captain
first Virginia Regiment
August 12th 1783

This is to certify that John Jackson served as a soldier in the 2nd Virginia [Regiment] from the 8 of November 1776 till the 10th of December 1777 and as a Sergeant from that time till the 8th of November 1779 when he was discharged at King's ferry in the town of New York.
Given under my hand at Pittsburgh this 13 of February 1784
S/ John Stokes, Captain
2nd Virginia Regiment

[Veteran's widow was pensioned at the rate of $80 per annum commencing March 4th, 1836 for her husband service in the Virginia service.]